

STRING DIAGRAMS OF STRING DIAGRAMS

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Tallinn. Compositional Methods

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STRING DIAGRAMS OF STRING DIAGRAMS

There has been recent interest in string diagrams of string diagrams.

- Bonchi et al. use them for bimonoidal categories;
- Zanasi et al. use them for interventions and "layered explanations";
- Vicary et al. for categorical quantum.

There are no good semantics for these. Arguably, the technology is not here yet. We would need monoidal 3-categories, with coherence conditions.

- We could impose strictness conditions.
- Instead, I want to explore this calculus from the future.

BIMODULAR CATEGORIES

DEFINITION. A **bimodular category** is a category with left and right monoidal actions

$(>): M \times C \rightarrow C$ and $(<): C \times N \rightarrow C$
with coherent natural isomorphisms

$$\begin{aligned} M_1 > M_2 > X &\cong (M_1 \otimes M_2) > X; & X < (N_1 \otimes N_2) &\cong X < N_1 < N_2; \\ I > X &\cong X; & X < I &\cong X; \\ (M > X) < N &\cong M > (X < N); \end{aligned}$$

PROPOSITION. Every monoidal category is bimodular with self-actions.

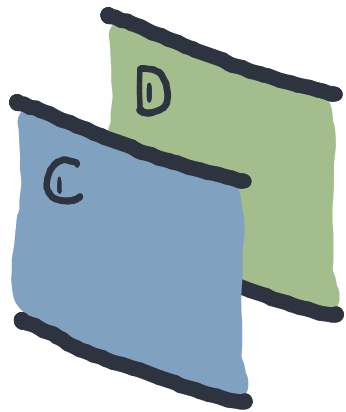
COMPACT TRICATEGORY

- 0-cells are monoidal categories ;
- 1-cells are pointed bimodular categories, (A^{\triangleleft}, A) , consisting on a category A with two monoidal actions that are compatible; and of some object $A \in A$;
- 2-cells are pointed bimod. profunctors, $T_t : (A^{\triangleleft}, A) \rightarrow (B^{\triangleleft}, B)$, profunctors together with a point $t \in T(A, B)$ and compatible transformations

$$\begin{aligned} \ell_l^M : T(A; B) &\longrightarrow T(M \triangleright A; M \triangleright B), \\ \ell_r^M : T(A; B) &\longrightarrow T(A \triangleleft M; B \triangleleft M). \end{aligned}$$

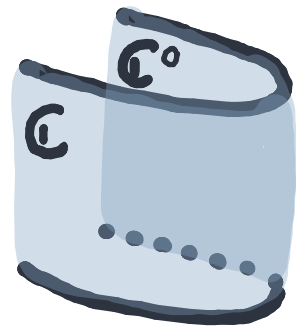
- 3-cells are homomorphisms of bimodular profunctors.

COMPACT TRICATEGORY



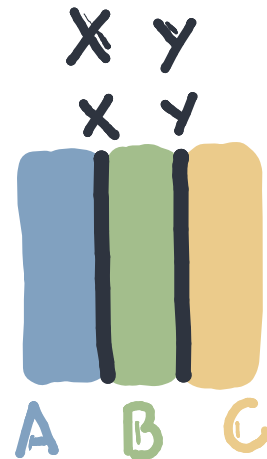
$$\mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{D}, \otimes_{\mathcal{C}} \times \otimes_{\mathcal{D}}, I_{\mathcal{C}} \times I_{\mathcal{D}}$$

Product of
monoidal
categories



$$\mathcal{C}^{\circ}, A \otimes^{\circ} B = B \otimes A$$

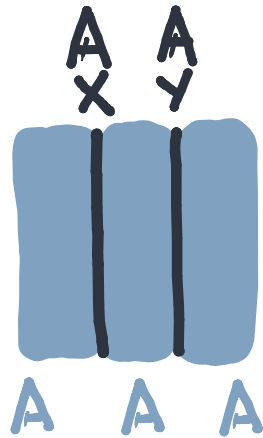
Opposite
Monoidal
Category



$$X \otimes_B Y, \triangleright_A, \triangleleft_C$$

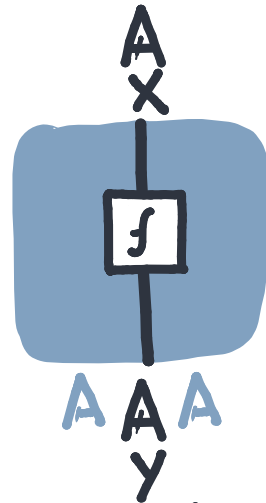
Tensor product
of bimodules

COMPACT TRICATEGORY



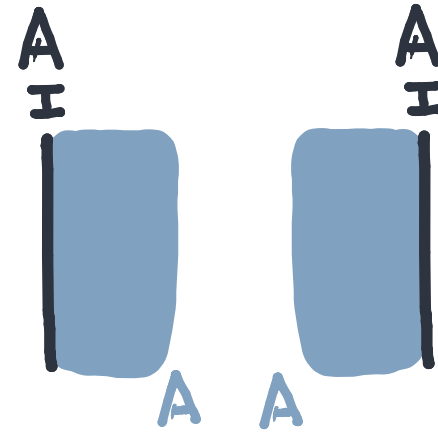
$$A \otimes_A A \cong A$$

Tensoring inside
a monoidal
category.



$$f, \text{hom} : A, x \rightarrow A, y$$

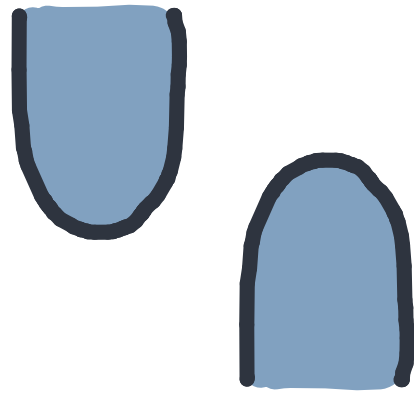
Hom is still
a Tambara
Module



A is a 1-bimodule

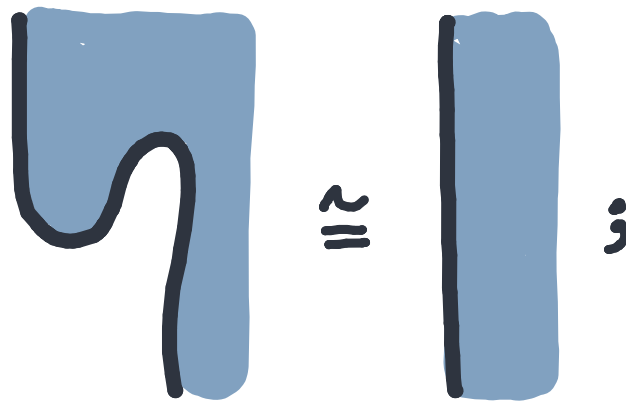
We can stop
and start pieces
of paper.

COMPACT TRICATEGORY

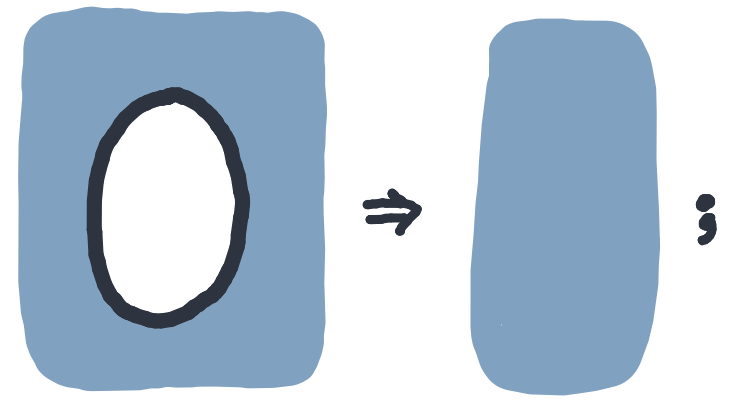


$\text{id}, \text{hom}(\cdot, \mathbb{I}): (A, \mathbb{I}) \rightarrow (1, *)$

Caps and cups
for internal diagrams.

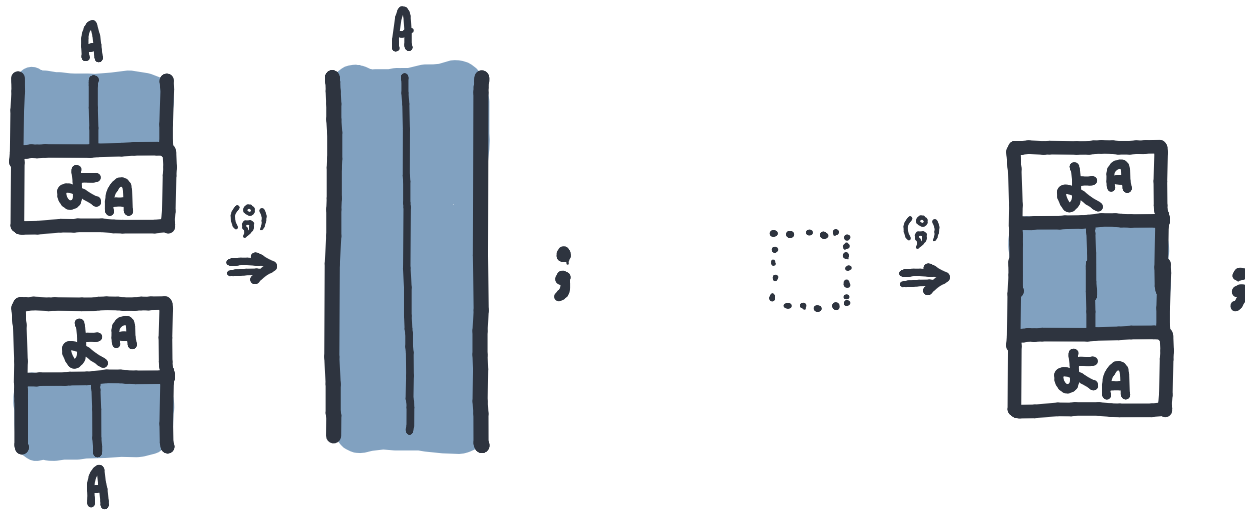


2-adjunction of
diagram borders



Adjunction
on tensors

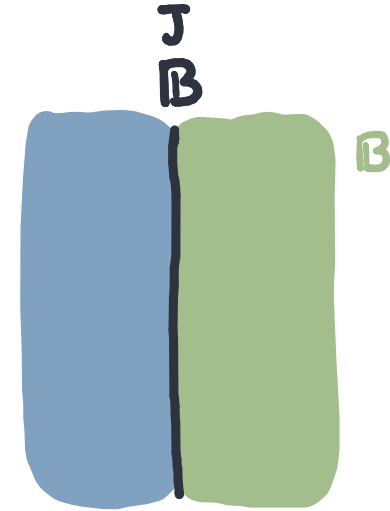
COMPACT TRICATEGORY



$$\text{id}, \kappa_A : |A, A \leftrightarrow 1, *$$

Yoneda Embeddings,
Composition

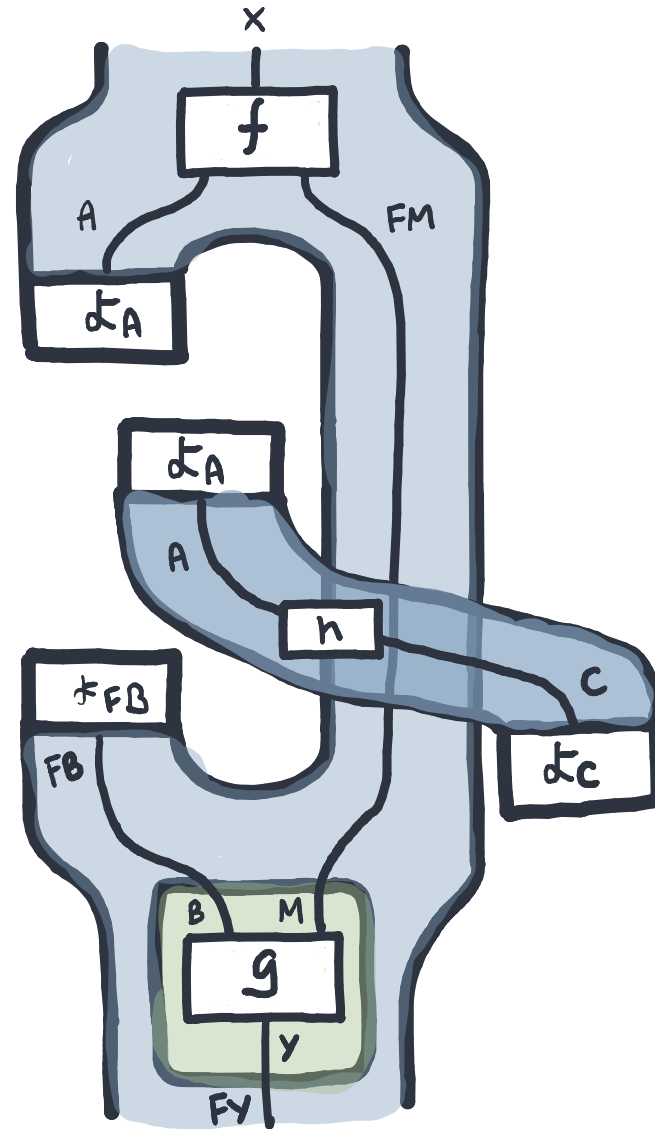
Identity function.



$$\begin{aligned} (F \cdot \otimes \cdot) : A \times B &\rightarrow B \\ (\cdot \otimes \cdot) : B \times B &\rightarrow B \end{aligned}$$

Functor Boxes

EXAMPLE





Bartlett, Douglas, Schommer-Pries, Vicary. Modular Categories
as Representations of the 3-dimensional bordism 2-category.



Román. Open Diagrams via Coend Calculus.